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The Montevideo Times

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On account of our early hour of going to press it is especially requested that any notices or advertisements intended for publication in the following day be delivered at our office not later than 4.30 p. m.

The Montevideo Times

MONTEVIDEO, OCTOBER 14, 1898.

NEWS OF THE DAY

MONTEVIDEO
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1898.

Saints Calixtus and Fortunata.—Battle of Hastings, 1066.—Sir W. Vernon Harcourt's birth, 1817.—287 days past, 78 to the end of the year.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The sitting in the Council of State on Wednesday was entirely occupied with further discussion of the amendments in the electoral law, a question which seems to be interminable and which is blocking the way of other hardly less important questions. The Bill for the direct delivery of registered letters, which was on the programme, was again left untouched, and we note that it has been entirely eliminated from the programme for today. In today's sitting, the Bill creating the Treasury Certificates Debt is down for second reading. It is quite time this was settled, the delay being prejudicial to the holders of the Certificates.

A mild sensation has been afforded by the arrest, on Wednesday, afternoon, of a conspirator, but certainly not a very formidable one. This was a naturalised Italian named Guaberto Charli, aged 27, who held a minor situation in the technical office of the Ministry of War. For some little time his movements had been regarded with suspicion, and on Wednesday an order was issued for his arrest, which was effected while he was paying a visit to the barracks of the Extramural Squadron. It appears that he had been attempting to suborn some of the officers of this squadron to adhere to a revolutionary movement against the Government, and forms of a pledge to that effect, but none of them signed, were found in his pocket. It is also known that he was corresponding with some of the "collectivist" conspirators in Buenos Aires, and that he was in their ranks during the meeting of July 4. When arrested he made no secret of his revolutionary intentions, but refused to give the name of any accomplices. He is an entirely insignificant character, and has probably been made a tool—and a fool—of by others. We may add that the Government continues to take special precautions against the "collectivist" rising which rumor has it is to take place this week, though so far nothing has occurred to justify the alarms. Attention has been called, however, to the number of "collectivist" characters and even entire families that have recently embarked for Buenos Aires—not that they are any loss to this country, which is well rid of them—and it is also said that several military officers, disregarding the order recently issued, have mysteriously disappeared from public ken leaving no information of their whereabouts. The Staff Office is taking steps in the latter matter.

Yesterday's *Siglo* resumes its discussion of the decadence of the Port, to which we referred in our issue of Wednesday, and analyses at considerable length the situation of the State lighthouses, with the object of showing the onerous nature of the dues charged. Another question has just cropped up showing one of the causes of the diminution of traffic, and has formed the subject of a petition just presented to the Government by the

united maritime agents of the port. It seems that the office of Direct Taxes is now endeavouring to charge to the agents a fee or license (*patente*) of \$10, over £2, for every vessel consigned to them touching at this port, even when that vessel makes no commercial operations, but confines itself to dropping the pilot and taking in coal or provisions. The charge is quite a new invention or interpretation, it is manifestly contrary to the spirit of the Law of 1892 which makes a distinction in favor of vessels in the latter condition, exonerating them from light dues, etc., and it is a direct loss to the agents who receive no commissions from such vessels. If the charge is persisted in, the result will be that the vessels will drop their pilots elsewhere on the coast, and will take in all their coal and provisions at Buenos Aires to the manifest detriment of local commerce and the further abandonment of the port. It is to be hoped that the Government will see the justice of the shipping agent's protest, and instruct the Office of Direct Taxes to desist from so objectionable a claim.

The Government has obtained a revision of some of the accounts of Porteria and Co. for army supplies during the late administration, as it is found that they are not accounted for by the necessary vouchers attesting delivery and receipt of the goods charged for.

Beethoven Society.

The Concert given at the Solis Theatre Wednesday evening for the benefit of the Director Sr. Perez Badia, was a triumph for the Society in every way. The audience was one of the largest yet seen at these concerts, and followed the music with evident interest and frequent hearty applause. The orchestra played better than we have yet heard it play this season, showing more signs of careful rehearsal, more feeling and more expression. Considering the large proportion of amateurs in the orchestra, the rendering of some of the pieces was really remarkably good. Unfortunately we were not able to arrive in time to hear the 1st part, the principal item of which was Handel's *Largo*, in which we are told Sr. Scarabelli greatly distinguished himself in the violin solo. The 2nd part of the programme was entirely grand, and the gem of this, to our thinking, was Wagner's Good Friday music from Parsifal, the dreamy religious beauty of which is beyond all description. This was rendered with great delicacy and restraint. A finer contrast to this could not have been found than in the same composer's vigorous "Rienzi" overture in which he has placed all the inspiration of a militant patriotism. This was finely played both by wind and string, and the genius of Sr. Badia as conductor gave the full expression to every phrase. The "Tantalea" of Saint Saens which followed is a showy piece of difficult execution in which Sres. Nicodemi and Valle performed wonders on the flute and clarinet respectively. This was encouraged, as also Mancinelli's striking "Cleopatra" overture, which repetition has caused the orchestra to play with great precision. In the 3rd Part of the programme, the selections from Gevaert and Chapi were hardly worthy of the occasion, and the only impressive item was Tschaikowski's Slav March, which formidable piece of music was given with all the necessary vigor. Sr. Badia received more than one ovation in the course of the evening, and was also the recipient of some handsome presents. We believe this is the last concert the Society will give this season.

THE NEW ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT.

(Times of Argentina, Oct. 12.)
Le Roi est mort; Vive le Roi! To-day Dr. Uriburu resigns the reins of government into the hands of General Roca. He takes with him into private life the respect of the people. His sins have been of omission, not of commission. He succeeded to his high post, not by election (in the Argentine fashion) of the people, but by an unforeseen circumstance—the impossibility of the continuance of the Government of Dr. Luis Suarez Peña, and therefore he may have regarded himself as a kind of provisional President, whose duty it was to keep things as much as possible *in statu quo* so that his successor might deal with them as might seem most convenient. Dr. Uriburu has done his best to secure to the people the exercise of their rights, and, if he has failed in that respect, the failure must not be attributed to him but to the system of government which prevails in nearly every province, and which requires almost a revolution for its improvement.

The interventions which have taken place during his administration have been as fairly carried out as was possible, considering that they were necessarily of a party character and they have prevented

any serious disturbance of order in any part of the Republic. In foreign affairs, Dr. Uriburu has acted with great discretion, and in the Chilean difficulty, especially, he has known how to avoid war without making any sacrifice of the honor and dignity of the nation. Dr. Uriburu has, in general, chosen Ministers, who, without displaying remarkable talent, have performed their duties in a satisfactory manner, and various reforms of the administrative service have been effected. The departments of War and Marine have, however, successfully resisted improvement, and notwithstanding recent enormous expenditure on the Army and Navy, it is probably well for the country that their organization has not been put to the test. The Finance department has had a difficult task. An enormous revenue had to be raised for the war expenditure and Congress is opposed to any sound system of taxation. The result has been the creation of objectionable imposts and a large increase of the national indebtedness.

Upon the whole, we may say that the transition Administration of Dr. Uriburu will hold a good place in Argentine history; under it the Argentines have certainly made considerable political progress and it will be entitled to the lasting gratitude of the people for having terminated (or placed in a secure way for termination) the boundary question with Chile, which for more than half a century has threatened the peace of the two countries and has recently entailed upon both of them a ruinous military expenditure. Great hopes are built upon the new Administration, but most of them are probably doomed to disappointment. No doubt General Roca will carry to a successful conclusion the preliminary arrangements for the settlement of the boundary question with Chile, and will establish a permanent state of friendly relations with that country, whose real interests do not in any way clash with those of Argentina. General Roca will also maintain order at home. In twelve out of the four teen provinces his will is law with the ruling party and its leaders, and each of the other two has a Governor desirous of fulfilling his duties in a constitutional manner. Another and more effectual guarantee of order consists in the fact that General Roca can depend upon the implicit obedience of the army, which by the aid of telegraphs and railways can be quickly concentrated in any of the provinces to suppress disturbances. General Roca has also an obedient Congress, with a strong majority in each of the Chambers, so that he can obtain any new laws which he may think necessary for the better working of the Administration. He testified in a speech delivered at the banquet given on Monday by Don Francisco Uriburu, to his confidence in the support of the members of Congress and especially of the Senators, whom he regards as his official councillors—Ministers without portfolios.

The new President is expected to reduce the taxes but to maintain the strength of the army and navy and to pay off the floating debt without creating a new one. He is expected to encourage national industry, but to relieve commerce from the excessive burdens imposed upon it. Certain classes believe that he will adopt measures to check the fall of the premium on gold, while others are equally confident that he will restore conversion, as he did in his previous Administration—although three years afterwards, he decreed inconvertibility. The people in general hope for rigorous economy in public expenditure and for a rooting out of the abuses that have been proved to exist in every department, but the select and influential few look forward to another epoch of fat contracts and saleable concessions whereby fortunes are made without work. The General may rely upon the firm support of foreign loan mongers, as is proved by the laudatory articles in the foreign financial newspapers and periodicals in reference to his accession to power. The foreign investors are taught to regard him as a magician who by a wave of his wand can procure the money for the punctual discharge of the national obligations and whose ingenuity is never at fault in discovering uses for any number of millions of pounds sterling. The President-elect is very moderate in his utterances; he is conscious of the serious nature of the task imposed upon him but he declares (as usual in such cases) that he will call to his assistance the most capable men, without regard to their politics. He made, at the banquet above-mentioned, one definite statement and that is that he does not intend to introduce any great financial innovations or to precipitate events. Perhaps he will be more explicit in his address to Congress to-day. Let us hope that in what he does, as well as in what he says, he will justify the unlimited confidence reposed in him by a very large majority of the people.

Needy Politicians

Mr. Escott, in his article on "Professional Beauties and Politicians" in the "New Century Review," draws a moral against needy politicians, and will not have it that even Disraeli was an exception.

"There is no instance in our day, or any other, of a needy politician having done, or come to, anything great. All party leaders on both sides of the Victorian epoch have been men of independent means. Born above want, as years rolled on they have been additionally enriched by family circumstances or matrimonial alliances. Sir Robert Peel was really one of those 'men of metal and acres,' in the life of Lord George Bentinck, Disraeli describes his erewhile followers as being, Lord John Russell, the son of a Duke, was never a needy man. George Canning, with whom, in his day, Lord John crossed swords, has been absurdly described as an adventurer. His father descended from one of the oldest and wealthiest merchant houses in Bristol, made indeed the same sort of theatrical marriage as at all periods has been contracted by the British aristocracy. Canning's uncle, a rich banker, sent his nephew first to Eton, then to Christ Church, entered him at Lincoln's Inn, and, long before he died, settled a competence upon him. Canning himself married a sister of the Duchess of Portland, Miss Joan Scott, a great heiress, whose settlement on her husband made him independent for life. The great man, who had 'been brought up under the mighty name of Canning' and who now rests in Westminster Abbey, came of the same opulent, upper middle class as Peel. Nearly the same may be said of Disraeli. This statement may contradict some preconceptions, but it is the historic fact. There was written by Lord Beaconsfield, and no doubt still exists, a letter on this subject addressed to the late Mr. Louis J. Jennings, of 'Quarterly Review' and 'Times' distinction; being on a public subject, it was shown by its recipient to the present writer. In those lines Disraeli describes himself as inheriting a sultrious patrimony; he was, in fact, not only, in his own phrase, born in a library, but into the condition of son of a very successful writer universally courted, who afterwards, at Bradenham, became, as his son later was to be, a Buckinghamshire country gentleman. Before therefore Disraeli imitated the example of his predecessor, Canning, by taking an heiress as his wife, family circumstances had made him independent."

Dangers in Lean Meat.

Practical experience as well as theoretic considerations, lead to the conclusion that a lean meat diet continued for any length of time is incompatible with health. Leading medical teachers in France are sounding the note of warning against the use of an exclusive meat diet in diabetes, a disease of which lean meat was formerly supposed to be almost a panacea. A close study of the history of these cases has shown that an exclusive meat diet is not infrequently a cause of death, through the accumulation of so great a quantity of ptomaines within the body that the kidneys are unable to cope with them. Professor Booflet says:—"It is the duty of the physician who places his patient upon a lean meat diet to inform him of the fact that he is living close to the border line, and that his situation is like that of a man walking along the brink of a precipice, that he must on no account submit himself to the influence of an anesthetic without first undergoing a few days' preparation, including an entire change of diet; and the truly wise physician will further instruct the patient that it cannot be safely adopted as a continuous dietary without the risk of constitutional injury."

Family Doctor.

It has been decided to give the performance of "Charley's Aunt," by the members of the Entertainment Society, at the San Felipe Theatre on Thursday evening next. This most farcical comedy has been one of the greatest successes of recent years, and it is too well known to require recommendation to our readers, who, we are sure, will be glad of the opportunity of seeing it represented here in English. In a day or two we will publish the cast of characters. The arrangements for the sale of seats will be found in the corresponding advertisement.

SUNDRIES.

The fishermen recently on strike following the advice given them by the President, have presented a petition in due form to the Ministry of War, in which, after setting forth the serious injury to the fishing industry caused by the use of steam trawls, they ask for the appointment of a Commission to study the matter and to draft regulations for fishing, and for the suspension meanwhile of the use of the steam trawls. This latter has already been ordained, and this has provoked a counter-protest from the owner Sr. Galceran who considers his vested rights assailed.

The above monstrous demand is evidently intended to be prohibitory and to put a stop to what is a perfectly legitimate branch of trade, and one which evidently meets a public necessity or it would have ceased to exist. To exact a license of \$100 or of \$70 from men whose capital is often represented by a stock in trade of perhaps \$50, and that obtained on credit, is obviously prohibitory, and even more monstrous is the pretence to exact a separate license for each Department of the Republic. We see no justice at all in the petition; it is merely an effort to benefit one branch of trade by repressing another which is just as legitimate. Let the storekeepers agitate for a reduction of their own taxes, if they like, but it is not fair play for them to ask for prohibitory taxation on another branch of trade, in order that they may benefit by its suppression.

That distinctly humorous paper the *B. A. Standard* compares General Roca to Washington and Pericles. Hum!

Telegrams from Tangier state that the representatives of Italy and Portugal there have received, the first 150,000 francs, and the latter 300,000, as indemnity for acts of piracy committed during the past year by Riff pirates on the Italian vessel "Fiducia" and the Portuguese vessel "Rossita da Fara."

The question of the annexation of the island of Jamaica to the Dominion of Canada, which began to be mooted a month ago, has been now submitted to public opinion in the island by means of the semi-official paper *The Gleaner*, which, on publishing a review of the economic situation of the island, says: "There is no doubt that the idea of political incorporation of the island with the Dominion of Canada is gaining ground, but if a treaty of reciprocity could be arranged with the United States it would perhaps be the better solution of our economic problem. It is the general belief that Great Britain and the United States are on the point of concluding commercial agreements very beneficial to the West Indies, and then our difficulties would be solved without any necessity of altering the political status quo."

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ertoire of Spanish dramas and melodramas. The artists are all new here, which may be a recommendation.

We heartily congratulate our contemporary the Razon on having reached its twentieth birthday, and trust that it may long continue to be an honor and credit to Uruguayan journalism.

The Emperor and Empress of Germany have started on their tour to the East. Yesterday they reached Venice, where they visited King Humbert. Their extensive suite, which includes the Minister of Foreign Affairs and a number of Court and military functionaries, will join them at Constantinople. The Kaiser has desisted from the idea of including Egypt in his route.

Paris telegrams confirm that the strike is practically at an end. Nevertheless, further detachments of troops have been taken to Paris.

Lord Lushington has just published an article of eight columns on the Dreyfus case, in the Times. Unfortunately the telegrams give no intelligible account of the conclusions at which he arrives.

The U.S. war vessels «Oregon» and «Iowa» started from New York on Wednesday. They will call at Bahia and other Brazilian ports, waiting at Rio Janeiro to salute the anniversary of the Republic. They will also call at Montevideo for coal on their way round to the Pacific, their ultimate destination being Manila.

There has been an important fire at Colonia, completely destroying the business establishment of Sr. F. Imbarren Carmelo. The losses are estimated at \$35,000 only partially covered by insurance.

There have been serious disorders in Puerto Rico, owing to a collision between Spanish soldiers and the natives. The former used their firearms, killing 5 persons and seriously wounding 25 others. U.S. troops have been sent to the scene of disturbance to restore order.

BUENOS AIRES.

The second purchase of arms effected by Colonel Richeri during his late stay in Europe consist of 40,000 Mauser rifles 20000 do. carbines, 3,000,000 cartridges, 200 infantry ammunition wagons, 10,000 artillery and cavalry revolvers with 300 cartridges for each, 10,000 lances, 20,000 cavalry sabres, 6000 officers' swords for three arms, 40,000 sword bayonets for mauser rifles, 15 batteries or 90 quick-firing field guns with corresponding ammunition, 15 batteries or 90 mountain guns, 6 batteries or 36 howitzers, 255 carts for artillery ammunition, etc. 4100 sets of harness, 25,000 minigrenades, besides the necessary machinery for making gun and rifle cartridges, etc., 100 maxim guns 18 large howitzers for the forts at Puerto Belgrano.

The Bolsa brokers went in a body on Tuesday to the Government House to testify to Dr. Escalante their appreciation of his services as Finance Minister during a trying period in the history of the Country. In name of the party, Sen. Delfor del Valle gave expression to their sentiments towards Dr. Escalante on his retirement from office. The Minister made a suitable reply, and alluded to the fact that the floating debt had been reduced from \$52,000,000 to 40,000,000 under his administration.

A petition, signed by all the commercial firms of note in the city, has been sent to the President of the Republic, requesting that Dr. Pedro N. Elizagaray be appointed the successor of Dr. Carlos as Postmaster-General. Dr. Elizagaray has been one of the principal co-operators of Dr. Carlos in the administration of the Department, and his appointment to the vacancy would meet with much satisfaction from a large section of the business world.—B. A. Herald.

LONDON NOTES

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

A Correspondent in Crete telegrams that the demand presented on Tuesday by Admiral Noel to the Governor of Candia, that the loopholed houses overlooking the camp should be destroyed was complied with yesterday to the extent that the work was begun. The second demand, namely, the handing over of the ringleaders in the massacre must be complied with by two o'clock to day. An extension of time was asked, for but refused by the Admirals.

The Prince of Wales left the Isle of Wight last evening for Balmoral, accompanied by the Princess Victoria of Wales.

Mr. Brodrick, Under Secretary of State for War, in an address last night at Godalming, spoke in appreciative terms of the recent work done by the army, the decision to increase which, he said, by the

J. MUDD & CO.

Coal Importers—Ship Brokers Barraca del Plata, Calle Piedras, esquina Guarani

Head Office, 268 Calle Reconquista, Buenos Aires and Grand Dock, La Plata.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

MANN, GEORGE & CO.

Coal Contractors and Colliery Proprietors, London and Cardiff.

A large stock of Best Cardiff Steam and House Coal always on hand. Special practical attention given to the bunkering of Steamers, day and night.

Steam Tugs at all Ports.

N. B.—Steamers calling at La Plata to coal only with J. Mudd and Co. are free of Entry and Wharf dues.

«Norton» Line of Steamers

Agents NORTON and SON, New York. Manager BUCKNALL NEPHEWS, London.

ROSARIO, BUENOS AIRES AND MONTEVIDEO TO NEW YORK

The following full-powered steamers will be despatched from Montevideo

ETONA, For RIO and NEW YORK, Oct. 26.

These steamers have good accommodation for limited number of First Class Passengers For freight passage, etc, apply to the Agents—

WILLIAMS & CO., Misiones 58.

And at R. Aires, 25 de Mayo 287, or to Norton & Son, 90 Wall St., New York Bucknall Bros. 23 Lea Lehal St., London.

House of Commons, had made it clear that both parties were at last aware that there was a common interest and a national danger to be provided for.

Mrs. W. H. Gladstone yesterday laid the foundation stone of a new church, in the parish of Hawarden. In the course of his subsequent address the Bishop of St. Asaph paid a high tribute to the late Mr. Gladstone as a Churchman, and stated that he was the first subscriber towards the erection of the edifice, which he had convinced himself was required in the neighbourhood.

Colonel John Hay, the American Ambassador, and his wife, and family left Euston at noon yesterday for Liverpool, where they embarked on the Teutonic for New York. Colonel Hay has been for fifteen months the official representative of the United States in England, and is recalled to enter upon the duties of Secretary of State, a position second only to that of the President.

A Correspondent at Gloucester Musical Festival describes the production of Verdi's new sacred works, which were the chief feature in the programme at the Cathedral yesterday morning. In the evening there was a secular concert in the Shire Hall, when Mr. S. Coleridge Taylor's new orchestral work, prepared for this Festival, was conducted by the composer.

William Fowler, aged 22, being convicted at the Central Criminal Court yesterday of robbery with violence on a market gardener at High Barnet, was sentenced by the Recorder to nine months' imprisonment with hard labour and twenty strokes with the cat.

Before Mr. Justice Darling, at the Central Criminal Court yesterday, William Gould, a costermonger, was indicted for the wilful murder of Alice Lofthouse, but found guilty by the jury of manslaughter only. He was sentenced to fifteen years' penal servitude.

Two men were charged on remand at Marlborough street Police-court yesterday with assaulting Constable Williamson, of the A Division, in Hyde Park under peculiar circumstances. Several witnesses spoke to the high character of the accused, and in the result Mr. Plowden, the magistrate, said it would be absolutely unsafe to convict them on the evidence adduced and ordered their discharge, remarking that they left the Court without a stain upon their reputations.

Business of the British Association at Bristol was concluded yesterday, one of the subjects discussed being polar ballooning. In regard to this a Correspondent says that he has heard but one opinion expressed as to André's enterprise, namely, that it was of the most hopeless character. In the afternoon it was stated that the Association had made the unprecedented grants for scientific purposes of nearly 1,500l.

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montevideo, Oct. 13, 1898. Business was exceedingly slack to-day. Prices fairly firm at former level. Sales as follows:—Extraordinary 1897 Loan, \$11,000 at 54 20 and 51.40. Banco Transatlantico, 130 shares at 70 and 69 cents. Consolidated Debt, \$51,700 at 42.20 and 42.30, closing 42.20. No London quotation.

EXCHANGE.

Bank Commercial. London 90 1/2, 515/16-7/16 515, 9-11/16 Paris 303 1/2, 5-40-41, 5-42-44

Table with 4 columns: City, Price, etc. Antwerp 90 1/2, 5.41, 5.48-45. Germany 90 1/2, 4.99, 4.41-43. N. York 98-98 1/2, —. Italy 5.77-78, —. Spain 7.85-85, —. Brazil 27.500, 28.000. R. Aires 1 1/2, 1 1/2, 1 1/2.

Business Notes.

The Custom House paid into the London Bank yesterday \$8069 on account of the Consolidated Debt and Railway guarantee service and \$986 on account of the 5% Loan service.

Gold opened in B. Aires yesterday at 250.80 and closed at 250.60. —Exchange upon London was quoted in Rio Janeiro yesterday at 8 3/4 to 11/16 to 21/32 d. per milreis.

—London, 13. Wheat 26s-9d. Linsed 38s-3d. Maize 16s.—Antwerp Wheat 15.50 francs, linsed 22.125 maize, 9.125.

—The Bank of England rate of discount was yesterday raised to 4 per cent per annum.

—Wheat weak and inclined to a further fall. Some 1325 bags sold at \$3.65 to 8.85 without bag, spotted \$3.55. Maize keeps firm and in good demand for export and consumption. 100 bags sold for distillery at \$1.30 without bag, 300 bags for export at \$1.25 with bag and various lots for consumption at \$1.20 with bag.

Buenos Aires, Oct. 13, 1898.

Gold, cash, 251.40. Do. end of month, 251. Cedulas G Nacionales, cash, 88. Cedulas 8%, Provinciales, 17.70. Obligac. Banco Constructor, cash, 4.50. Consolidada de Santa Fé, 1886, cash, 53.50. Do. end of month, 54. Do. 1893, cash, 54.20. Canalizadora Riachuelo, add of month, 8.50. The «Eolo», «Paris» and «Trident» sail.

MARITIME

ARRIVALS AND SAILINGS.

Montevideo, Oct. 13, 1898. —Str. Labrador from Salto, 8 pass. —Str. Olympo from Asuncion, 89 pass. —Str. Matteo Bruzzo from Rosario, for Genoa, 12 pass. —Str. Entre Rios from Bahia Blanca. —Str. Portugal from Bordeaux, 93 pass. —Str. San Antonio for Corumbá. —Str. Olimpo for Asuncion.

MAIL STEAMERS

LEAVING TO-DAY

—The str. EOLO will leave TO-DAY for Buenos Aires only. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 4.15 p.m. —The str. LABRADOR will leave TO DAY for B. Aires and Salto. Hours as above. —The str. RAPIDO will leave TO-DAY for B. Aires, Rosario, Asuncion, Corumbá and Cuyabá. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 3 p. m.

OTHER DATES

—The R. M. S. NILE will leave Oct. 15 for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Vigo, Cherbourg and Southampton. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 12 m. —The str. MANILLA will leave Oct. 16 for St. Vincent, Barcelona, Genoa and Naples. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 1 p. m. Note.—In addition to the hours mentioned above, letters for all these steamers will be received, without extra charge, in the Adensa Kiack until the P. O. agents leave to go on board the steamers.

THE STANDARD LIFE

ASSURANCE COMPANY

DIVISION OF PROFITS, 1900.

The Next Division of Profits will be made amongst Policies in existence at

15TH NOVEMBER 1900

and all who assure under the Profit Scheme during the current year will be entitled to claim for Bonus on that occasion.

The Company have already declared Bonus Additions to Policies to the amount of more than

SIX MILLIONS STERLING

B. LORENZO HILL

161, CALLE ITUZAINGO.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE URUGUAY REPUBLIC.

Take DEWAR'S Whiskey with your meals, it is more healthy than wine and cheaper, and don't you forget it.

Table: Steamers to arrive. OCT. NAME FLAG FROM. 14 Etona English New-York. 14 Portugal French Bordeaux. 15 Heimbürg German Bremen. 15 Wittekind German Southampton. 15 Bahia German Hamburg. 16 Orecana English Liverpool. 16 Sicily English Liverpool. 17 Luzor German Valparaiso. 19 Orione Italian Genoa. 19 Ammon German Falklands. 20 Colombia French Havre. 20 Horace English Liverpool. 21 Orecana English Valparaiso. 22 Mantoba English New-York. 22 C. di Torino Italian Genoa. 23 Magdalena English Southampton. 23 Calabro Italian Genoa.

Table: Steamers to leave. OCT. NAME FLAG FOR. 14 Melbourne English Antwerp. 14 Georgia German Genoa. 15 Homer English Liverpool. 15 Nile English Southampton. 15 Benn German Antwerp. 16 Orecana English Valparaiso. 16 Luctor German Hamburg. 19 Savoia Italian Genoa. 19 France French Marseilles. 19 Ammon German London. 20 Pampa French Havre. 20 Handel English Liverpool. 20 Acanthus English Santos. 21 Oropesa English Liverpool. 21 Asuncion German Vigo. 22 Portugal French Bordeaux.

AMUSEMENTS

The Entertainment Society

SEASON 1898.

AN AMATEUR DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE WILL BE GIVEN AT THE

SAN FELIPE THEATRE

Thursday, October 20, when will be presented the celebrated Farceful Comedy, in three Acts, by Brandon Thomas,

«CHARLEY'S AUNT.»

During the intervals music will be furnished by an amateur orchestra organised by Mr. G. R. Schwartz.

To commence at 8.80 p. m. Doors open at 8 p. m.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Boxes without entrads . . . \$ 4.00 Sillones with entrads . . . 1.00 Tertulias Balcon with entrads . . . 0.80 General Entrada . . . 0.50 Casuels and Paraiso . . . 0.30

Tickets will be on sale to Members of the Entertainment Society only, on Saturday and Monday, October 16 and 17, on application at 25 de Mayo 338, where a plan of the theatre may be seen. On Tuesday and Wednesday, boxes and reserved seats will be on sale to the general public at Hutchinson's Botica, corner of Ituzaingó and 25 de Mayo, and on Thursday, the remaining seats will be on sale at the box-offices of the Theatre.

The Committee will deem it a favor if intending patrons will purchase their tickets before the night of the performance.

Cibils Theatre

FRENCH COMEDY COMPANY Manager, L. FORLET.

Debut, Saturday, Oct. 15.

«LE VEGLIONE.»

San Felipe Theatre

SR. J. J. PODESTA'S COMPANY OF CRIOLLA DRAMAS.

Saturday, October 15.

«EL ENTENAO»

«Ensalada Criolla»

ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED, two large bedrooms and one sitting room, unfurnished, all with windows to the street, for two bachelors, with or without board. Apply, Casilla de Correo 404. Oct. 14.

OFFICE TO LET, unfurnished. Large, airy, well-lighted, good entrance, central situation, moderate rent. Apply Calle Treinta y Tres 61.

TO LET.—The commodious and well-furnished house Calle 18 de Julio No. 741. An English, American or German family preferred. For particulars apply to Barraca Saturnino Baparda, Calle Cerro Largo No. 13.

TO LET, one or two furnished rooms, for single gentlemen, in the house of an English family. Board if required. Apply by letter, «M.M.» this office.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, for married couple or single gentlemen, with board if required. Apply 216 Calle Maldonado. pm.

TO LET, APARTMENTS, furnished, for single gentlemen, in house of an English family, with or without board. Highly recommended. Apply, Plaza Zabala 39a.

THE

Buchanan Blend Scotch Whisky

HOUSE OF LORDS.

Refreshment Department, June 24, 1896 To Messrs. James Buchanan & Co. Scotch Whisky Merchants, London, E. C.

Gentlemen: I am glad you have brought the matter before me, that a Scotch Whisky is being sold in the Colonies entitled «House of Lords» Scotch Whisky.

This may be to a certain extent misleading to the general public.

You are the only Firm who supplies this Department with Scotch Whisky in bottle, and I know nothing of any other Whisky sold on the market as «House of Lords.»

You are at liberty to make use of this fact if you deem it desirable.

I am, Gentlemen, Yours faithfully, WILLIAM AGGAS, Manager Refreshment Dept.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

Refreshment Department, January 26th, 1898. To Messrs. James Buchanan & Co., Scotch Whisky Distillers, London, E. C.

Gentlemen: Here with please find order for a Cask of your fine old Scotch Whisky, and also for «Special Buchanan» in bottles as usual.

I have pleasure in giving you this order for bulk Whisky, as your Special quality has given such satisfaction in this Department, and I shall hope to continue ordering same.

I am, Gentlemen, Yours faithfully, WILLIAM AGGAS, Manager Refreshment Dept.

SOLE IMPORTER

HIPOLITO GARCIA

128—CERRITO—128

MONTEVIDEO



Pacific Steam Navigation Co.

FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN Liverpool, The River Plate, and Valparaiso.

New Accelerated Itinerary (Subject to modification)

FOR EUROPE

Oropesa

(TWIN SCREW) Captain: H. W. Hayes 21st October, 1898 for Rio Janeiro, Lisbon, Vigo, La Pallice, (La Rochelle) and Liverpool.

Liguria

Captain: A. J. Cooper 4th November, 1898, for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Coruña, La Pallice, (La Rochelle) and Liverpool.

Oreana

Captain: F. E. Kite 18th November, 1898, for Rio Janeiro, Lisbon, Vigo, La Pallice (La Rochelle) and Liverpool.

The s.s. «Orellana» and «Oreana» will not take second class passengers. Every steamer carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

The Steamers are all illuminated with Electric Light, which is available ALL NIGHT in the Cabins.

Table-wine (claret) is now served to passengers in all classes.

Return Tickets issued available for twelve months at reduced rates.

For fares, freights and other details, apply to the AGENTS,—

«WILSON SONS & Co., LIMITED» 25 de Mayo 214 Montevideo ROSARIO S. LORRENZO 1135 BUENOS AIRES ROSARIO SANTOS, SAO PAULO, RIO JANEIRO, BAHIA, PERNAMBUCO & ST. VINCENT, C. V.

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STEAMSHIP AGENTS AND PROPRIETORS OF

COAL DEPOTS

AT MONTEVIDEO, LA PLATA, BUENOS AIRES, Santos, San Paulo, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, St. Vincent C. V.

ALSO BRANCH ESTABLISHMENTS AT CARDIFF AND BARRY.

HEAD OFFICE

7, DRAPERS GARDENS, LONDON E. C.

Stocks always kept of only very best descriptions of South Wales Steam Coal.

Tug boats at all the Depot Ports and every facility for giving quick despatch to steamers.

WORKSHOPS at St. VINCENT, PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA and RIO JANEIRO, with efficient modern Plant, where repairs of all descriptions are undertaken.

WILSON, SONS & Co., Limited, are the Sole Proprietors of the above Depots and Branches, and any inquiries as regards prices etc., should be sent to their address at

CALLE 25 DE MAYO 214, MONTEVIDEO. 323, Calle Reconquista, Buenos Aires. 1128 Calle San Lorenzo, Rosario.

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

N Z S Co.

The splendid steamer

«WITTEKIND»

Will sail on the 27th October, 1898, for

SOUTHAMPTON.

Passengers for SOUTHAMPTON will be landed under all circumstances at DAY TIME.

Through tickets issued for New York via Southampton.

J. R. Schwartz, Agent, Solis 49.

Navegacion al Este

Empresa: LUSSICH

EL VAPOR NACIONAL

TABARE

Este vapor hará un viaje semanal para Maldonado y La Paloma. Saldrá el miércoles 6 de Abril.

Recibe carga, pasajeros y encomiendas.

Por mas informes verse con su Agente.

Enrique Vidal, Calle Piedras 165 y 167.

GRAN CERVECERIA

LA PAZ Y LIBERTAD.

Bier Saloon and Bowling Alley.—Garden and Summer Houses.—Private Saloon for Families.—With Three Entrances.

Plaza Libertad 6 R 7, Avenida La Paz 208 R 212, Calle Colonia 211.

Branch of the «Criterion» Restaurant, Well-known to Captains, Calle Colonia 75 & 75a.

C. SCHWARZ, PROPRIETOR.

I. O. G. T.

Independent Order of Good Templars

This Society is held at Reconquista 43 every Thursday night at 8 p. m.

For information apply at the above address.

NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING Co.

Regular Monthly Line of High Class Passenger Steamers.

between New Zealand and London

Calling at Montevideo and Plymouth

FLEET.

Ruahine 6127 to Ruapehu 4202 to

Kaikoura 4507 to Tongariro 4163 to

Rimutaka 4515 to Tehoa 4050 to

Waikato 6688 to Otarama 3808 to

Waikato, 4707 to Rakaiia 6688 to

The R.M.S.

Kaikoura

Will sail on or about

16th November, 1898.

For Plymouth and London,

To be followed by the R. M. S.

Ruapehu

on or about

MAUA DRY DOCK MONTEVIDEO

Receives vessels at reasonable rates. There are workshops at the dock, for executing quickly and economically every description of repairs...

The Montevideo Gas Co., Ltd. Calle 25 de Mayo No. 338. Thos. F. Lane, General Manager.

SOLE AGENTS for Suter Hartmann & Rahtjen's Composition Co's Celebrated

COMPOSITION PAINTS or bottoms of Steel and Iron Ships.

Water Fittings

Great Reduction in Prices.

Baths - Many different kinds, with or without fittings. Shower-baths. Needle-baths. Greatly reduced.

Wash-stands - Of all descriptions, a new stock received at much lower prices.

Closets - Fresh consignments now on sale, 12 different kinds, at very moderate prices.

Water-heating Fittings - Very handy for baths, etc., at cost price.

Filters - Of the best makers. Kitchen-sinks, all sizes, just received. Complete stock of Lead, Iron and India-rubber piping. Taps, Tanks, Garden Hose, Fountains, Tiles, and every requisite for all kinds of installations.

M. V. Waterworks Co.

Store, 66 Plaza Zabala and 126 Sarandí

Notable Reduction in Prices.

Repairs, fixing pipes and fittings attended to on the shortest notice, by a staff of experienced plumbers, on moderate terms.

LAWES DIPS.



The best specifics known for the cure of scab. For testimonials, instructions, etc., apply to

EDWARD COOPER 33-Calle Zabala-33.

WILSON BROS.

GENERAL CAMP AGENTS.

Cereals and produce on consignment. - Purchases and Sales of Camp and Stock in general. - Mortgages, Renting and Valuation of Same. - Materials and Provisions Purchased for Estancias. - Telegraphic Address: «MOUNT.»

CERRITO 148 - MONTEVIDEO.

CAFE AFRICANO



DOS AMERICANOS

La elaboración de este título, además de las excelentes clases de café que expende, ha recibido riquísimo

CAFE AFRICANO

que rivaliza con el célebre Moka. Fructuoso y se convencerán. Se atienden pedidos por los teléfonos «Cooperativa» y Uruguayos.

ARAPEY 196 MONTEVIDEO

British Bank of South America, Limited.

ESTABLISHED, 1863.

MONTEVIDEO, CALLE ZABALA 94.

Capital subscribed £ 1,000,000 Do. paid up 500,000 Reserve Fund 300,000

HEAD OFFICE 2, MOORGATE STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC

BUENOS AIRES, Head Office, Reconquista, corner of Piedad. Rosario de Santa Fe.

BRAZIL.

RIO DE JANEIRO. - SANTOS. - SAN PAULO. - BAHIA. - PARA.

Current accounts opened. Deposits received at sight and for fixed periods. Commercial bills discounted. Letters of credit issued, Telegraphic Transfers and drafts at sight, and up to 90 days' sight given, on its Head Office and Branches.

London Joint-Stock Bank, (Limited) LONDON. Messrs. Heine and Co., PARIS. - John Berenberg Gossler and Co., HAMBURG.

ITALY, SPAIN, BELGIUM, NORTH AMERICA.

RATES OF INTEREST. (UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE)

Table with 2 columns: Term (On Deposits 7 days' notice, 30, 60, 90, 3 months fixed, 6) and Rate (1%, 2%, 3%, 4%).

W. KERR CONNELL, MANAGER.

BANCO DE LA REPUBLICA ORIENTAL DEL URUGUAY

Fundado por ley de la Nacion de fecha 4 de Agosto de 1896.

CASA CENTRAL EN MONTEVIDEO CALLE ZABALA N.º 79 ESQ. CERRITO.

Capital Autorizado Ps. 12,000,000 Suscrito 6,000,000 Integrado 5,000,000

Sucursales en Salto, Paysandú, Mercedes, Melo, Rosario, San José, Durazno, Florida, Minas, Caselones, Flores, Tacuarembó, Rivera, Maldonado, Fray Bentos, Rocha, Treinta y Tres y Artigas.

OPERACIONES DEL BANCO.

Abre cuentas corrientes, Documenta Conformes, Vales Pagará y demás documentos de Comercio. Da y toma Letras de Cambio y Giro. Telegráficos sobre todas las ciudades de Europa, Rio Janeiro, Buenos Aires y todas sus sucursales del interior.

EL GERENTE.

A ROYAL RECORD!!

OF 577 EXHIBITS 466 DIPPED IN COOPER'S DIP.

OF 137 EXHIBITORS 112 USED COOPER'S DIP.

OF 145 PRIZES 116 WON BY COOPER-DIPPED.

OF 1254 SHEEP SHOWN 1037 DIPPED IN COOPER'S DIP.

This is the magnificent and truly «Royal» Record of COOPER'S DIP at the Great Show of the Royal Agricultural Society of England, at Birmingham, June, 1898. IN EACH EVENT COOPER'S DIP SECURED FOUR TIMES AS MANY POINTS AS ALL OTHER DIPS AND UNDIPPED PUT TOGETHER.

CUREN SUS OVEJAS



PILDORAS RESTAURADORAS FORMIGUERA

A BASE DE CARBONATO MANGANO-FERROSO Y PEPSINA (80 años de éxito). Recomendadas por las eminencias médicas españolas y americanas, para curar la clorosis, anemia, debilidad general, debilidad de estómago, y en general todas las enfermedades que dependen de la pobreza de la sangre...

London and River Plate Bank, Limited.

LONDON, PRINCES STREET, E. C. PARIS, 16 RUE HALÉVY. BUENOS AIRES, MONTEVIDEO, PAYSANDU, MENDOZA, ROSARIO DE SANTA FE, RIO DE JANEIRO, PERNAMBUCO AND PARA.

Authorized Capital £ 2,000,000 Subscribed Capital 1,500,000 Paid-up Capital 900,000 Reserve Fund 4,000,000

Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals. Customers have the advantage of having approved Bills discounted, of obtaining Loans upon Negotiable Securities, of Depositing Bills, Coupons etc., for collection-subject to a conventional commission.

The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at thirty days notice of withdrawal, interest on which is regulated by the market value of money. The Bank notifying any change in Rates by Advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, etc., the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.

Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office.

PRINCES STREET, LONDON, E. C. OR OF THE PARIS BRANCH, 16 RUE HALÉVY.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

Issued and Purchased on the following places, LONDON And the principal towns of ENGLAND, SCOTLAND AND IRELAND PARIS, AND ALL THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS OF FRANCE, AND OF GERMANY, SPAIN, BELGIUM ITALY

ALSO ON AFRICA - AUSTRALIA - BRAZIL - CANADA - CHILE - PORTUGAL - SWITZERLAND - UNITED STATES - ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

RATES OF INTEREST

From 1st January and until further notice the following rates will rule:- Allowed:- On Deposits in account current NIL. Deposits 30 days notice 1% per annum. Fixed Deposits for 3 months 2% per annum. Do. 6 months 3% per annum. Discounts 5% per annum. Interest charged on overdraft 10% per annum.

C. NUTTALL, MANAGER.

JANUARY 1, 1897.

The Anglo-Argentine Bank, Limited.

London: 14 Austin Friars, E.C. - Buenos Aires: 78, Reconquista, 78

Montevideo, Calle Zabala 82

Capital subscribed £ 450,000 Do. Paid up 350,000 Reserve Fund 5,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with commercial Firms and private individuals. DEPOSITS RECEIVED at sight and for fixed periods. BILLS discounted, negotiated, and collected. STOCKS AND SHARES received on deposit for collection of Coupons and Dividends. PROCEEDS OF COUPONS and Dividends remitted to parties interested in Europe. STOCKS AND SHARES bought and sold for account of third parties. BILLS OF EXCHANGE, LETTERS OF CREDIT, and TELEGRAPHIC PAYMENTS issued on London, Paris, Hamburg, Antwerp and the principal towns in Great Britain, France, Italy, and Spain. Banking business of very description transacted.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

For 2 months fixed 3% per annum. 3 months 4% per annum. 6 months 5% per annum. Other periods by arrangement.

H. E. MURRELL, Acting Manager.

LONDON & BRAZILIAN BANK, Ld.

Capital subscribed £ 1,500,000 Do. paid up 750,000 Reserve Fund 600,000

Head Office 8 Tokenhouse Yard, E. C. Branch in Montevideo, Calle Zabala 85.

Branches, Rio de Janeiro, Pará, Pernambuco, Bahia, Santos, Campinas, São Paulo, Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre, Pelotas, Lisbon, Oporto, New York, Buenos Aires and Rosario de Santa Fé.

Agents in Paris, Hamburg, Antwerp and Genoa. Correspondents throughout Italy.

Letters of Credit, telegraphic transfers and drafts on the principal towns throughout Europe and Brazil.

Deposits received and every description of Banking business transacted.

Holzappel's Compositions Co. Ld.

(International Patents.) Anti-Corrosive Composition for the Hulls of Iron and Steel vessels.

Sole agents in Montevideo D. Battl & Co. (Successors of Orsola Borelli & Co.) 111- Calle 25 de Agosto-113, Montevideo.

Importers of Naval Articles, -Paints, -Oils, -Cotton and Canvas Sail Cloths, -Buckets, -Zinc, -Rubber, bronze, copper and iron Tubing, etc.,

If you have not yet tried what

GAS AS FUEL

will do for you, do not longer delay in ascertaining its advantages but read the Pamphlet which the Gas Co. will give you gratis, and follow its recommendations.

The Gas Co. will also supply you FREE OF COST with their SPECIAL BOILING BURNERS, to prove their Value in your own home.

Inspection invited of the new Season's Apparatus of all kinds, especially Instantaneous Bath Heaters, Gas Fires, Grilles and Cookers of different classes, at very moderate prices.

Free Trial allowed of any description of Apparatus.

MONTEVIDEO GAS Co. L'ted.

Calle 25 de Mayo 334, 338 & 342.

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"Lady" Roxby's Secret.

(A SHORT STORY) (Conclusion)

"Miss Roxby knows her own will well enough to assure me that her love is for me, and not for the man you intend her for. And now, sir, please be calm, and let me speak freely. You are marrying this poor girl under compulsion. Yes; it's all right, I know all about it; Mr. Piper is my informant, although he did not tell me the means he proposed to employ. But suppose I know them, Mr. Roxby?"

He sank back in his chair again. The hit—a random one—had gone home. I pursued my advantage. Bending over the table, speaking in a low voice, whilst I kept my eyes fixed on his, I said: "Do you wish me to tell you—"

"Is it—is it about—?" "About Mr. Randall—my father!" "Not Mr. Nonsensel!" he laughed miserably. "There's only one man on earth who knows, and he wouldn't tell—"

I went to the door and beckoned to Cutbert.

The boy came in, pale as death and trembling.

"You!" cried Mr. Roxby. "Do you have you—dare you—Cutbert! Do you know anything more about Mr. Randall? You remember the poor old gentleman who fell over board? This is Mr. Randall's son, Mr. Plessey is."

"I saw everything," said Cutbert quietly. "You saw—you saw!" shrieked out his father.

His face assumed a terrible expression and an awful hue. He stammered out a few incoherent syllables, his head sank on one side, and he was dead.

The shriek brought Mrs. Roxby and Gareth to the room. There was, of course, a scene, and the girl had to lead her mother from the room. She returned, trembling and pale, and looking startlingly like her brother as he had entered the room not many minutes before.

"Mr. Plessey, have you done this?" she whispered.

Lady answered: "No! I did it. The secret that has been the curse of my life is out now. Heaven knows I have kept it faithfully, considering I'm only a boy, and I was a child then."

"What secret, Cutbert?" asked his sister.

"That our father murdered Mr. Plessey's father on board the 'Tandridge Castle,'" replied Lady.

"Why? What harm had Mr. Rend—Mr. Plessey done him?"

"None. It was for the stones Mr. Randall had in the box."

"How did Mr. Piper know it?" asked Gareth.

"In the middle of the horrible business, when father was lifting Mr. Randall through the open port Piper looked in and saw all. I was supposed to be asleep, but the noise of the music on deck kept me awake. I saw everything. There! Don't let us ever speak of it again!"

"And this house and all we have really is Mr. Plessey's, for it was got with the proceeds of the sale of the stolen stones!" exclaimed Gareth.

Such was "Lady" Roxby's secret. Piper, of course, heard of what had happened at Caisleshugg, and must have suspected that his move had been anticipated, for we saw him no more. Gareth became my wife in due time. "Lady" left Raineybury as Captain of the School, and is now in now at the University. Under no circumstances can he be persuaded to say any more about the terrible episode in his child-life which remained so long his secret.

THE END.

SCRAPS

"You don't like my book?" timidly ventured the young author who had invaded the lair of the literary editor for the second time. "No, Miss Miranda," he said in his gruffest voice. "It's trash! I have been compelled to handle it without gloves." "I—I see it looks like it," faltered the young author, glancing at the much-soiled volume that lay on the table in front of the terrible editor.

The extreme punctuality shown by the British workman in general, and the Irish division especially, in striking work at the exact moment when bell, whistle, or buzzer gives the signal, is illustrated by the exclamation of one laborer to another in a railway cutting: "Hi! Mick! leave your pick in the air, the whistle's blowing." Another story reaches us from Australia, where some men were sinking a shaft, and one workman was winding up another from the bottom of it with a windlass. The whistle blew, and Pat dropped the handle of the windlass as if it had been red-hot, and down went his unlucky comrade to the bottom.

Johnnie had heard that babies were bought at a price from the doctors, and asked his mother one day, "How much did I cost, mamma?" "Ob, a hundred pounds," said the mother at a venture, unprepared for the question. "And how much did Sister Mary cost?" pursued the young investigator. "Way, two hundred," said the mother, thinking to check youthful vanity. "And Jane?" who was the little tyrant of

the family. "Ob, four hundred," cried the mother fondly. John lapsed into deep thought. "Mother," he said at last, "I don't think Mary cost much, but I think you got stuck with Jane."

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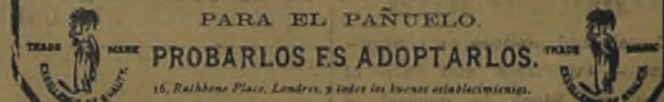
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