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The Montevideo Times

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Advertisements
Professional and Business Cards, four lines, double column per month \$2.00 gold
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Personal Advertisements by arrangement. For advertisements from the Argentine Republic the difference in exchange must be added.

No anonymous communications will be attended to, nor transcripts returned.

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W. H. DENSTONE.

Notice to Subscribers.
Camp and Foreign Subscribers are respectfully informed that all subscriptions for the period ending Dec. 31, 1898, are now due, and they will greatly oblige by paying the same at their earliest convenience, at this office or through our recognized agents.

On account of our early hour of going to press it is especially requested that any notices or advertisements intended for publication on the following day be delivered at our office not later than 4.30 p. m.

The Montevideo Times

MONTEVIDEO, DECEMBER 31, 1898.

1898.

The year which comes to a close to-day has been such an eventful and agitated one for the Republic, that we shall have to condense our relation of events very freely in order not to exceed the space available in our limited columns. Fortunately, however, our retrospect is not of so gloomy a nature as that of the two preceding years, nor is the outlook so depressing.

As usual—we might almost say as inevitable—political interests have been predominant throughout the year. The period has been one of transition between government which was constitutional in outward form only and government which it is hoped will be constitutional in spirit. It has also been a period of protracted struggle, not always entirely pacific, between the wholesome elements who are trying to raise the Republic to a higher plane, and the unwholesome elements who resist regeneration and strive for a restoration of the disastrous, dishonest and discredited governments of the anterior regime. The former have succeeded in keeping the upper hand, and it is to be hoped will continue to do so, but their victory is not yet either so complete or so certain as the well-wishers of the Republic might desire. Progress has been made, it is true, but hardly to the extent hoped for, nor is the new situation yet so stable that a relapse is outside the bounds of possibility, that is to say, there are still causes for both doubt and apprehension. Such having been and being the political situation, it is not surprising that there has been no great advance in the economical situation. The year has been an improvement on its predecessor of civil war, but it has hardly been one of average prosperity, and it closes with a decided renewal of depression and business anxiety.

Such is a general review of the year. We will now deal with the more prominent events.

The year opened with an acute struggle between the popular will and the bastard Chambers bequeathed the country by Sr. Borda, which were showing themselves refractory to all reactionary policy and were threatening to provoke a renewal of the civil war. The conflict was decided on Feb. 10, when Sr. Cuestas, instead of issuing the usual Decree convokeing the Chambers to ordinary sessions, declared their dissolution and proclaimed himself Provisional President. This step was approved by the public opinion of the vast majority of the Republic and, though superficially unconstitutional, was practically the only peaceful and thorough solution of the difficulties into which the Republic had been brought by the misconduct of his predecessors and their supporters. The coup d'état was carried out without commotion or violence nor did it meet with any resistance at the time. The Chambers disappeared from existence noiselessly amid the contempt of their countrymen and of every one else.

In place of the dissolved Chambers, Sr. Cuestas appointed a Council of State of 88 members, invested with legislative authority and functions thus showing his intention to preserve the government on constitutional, rather than dictatorial, lines. On this Council all political parties were proportionately represented and the members were selected with a praiseworthy breadth of judgement, so that the Council was in every respect a more representative and respect worthy body than its predecessor. To this body was entrusted the high task of the constitutional reconstruction of the Republic with the object of returning to regular government as soon as possible. It cannot be said, however, that it has entirely responded to the hopes placed in it, and in one case—its recent vote in favor of the restoration of bull fights—it has shown a most unexpected and deplorable aberration of judgement.

The first and most important task before the Council was the radical reform of the Electoral Laws, which had been so vitiated and corrupted under the preceding governments that they practically suffocated any free expression of public electoral opinion. This task occupied several months and the manner in which it was performed, which included the formation of new and purified civic registers throughout the Republic, seems to have given satisfaction to all parties. The new laws have been put to the test in the electoral period just concluded and have worked fairly well, producing elections generally acknowledged to be a much more genuine expression of public opinion than any the Republic has yet known. They are still unnecessarily slow and cumbersome in their processes, and there are several minor defects, but there is no doubt that they constitute a very important and wholesome reform. One important reform still lacking in them, however, is the introduction of the secret ballot.

An important political movement culminated in April in the celebration of what is known as the "electoral accord." This was an agreement, arranged by the delegates of the three political parties, for cooperation in the promotion of electoral reform; for the friendly distribution of seats in the approaching legislature, so as to avoid the dangerous excitement of contested elections; and finally, for the mutual support of Sr. Cuestas' candidature to the constitutional presidency by the selection of candidates pledged to the same. The chief objection to the accord was the undue proportion of seats allotted to the "colorados," whose greediness in this respect nearly caused it to fall through. Still, there is no doubt that on the whole it has worked beneficially and has helped to save the Republic from much political strife. It may also be regarded as a sign that the old unreasoning political hatreds, which cost the Republic so much misery, are dying out. In the recent elections, the accord was loyally respected by the "blancos" and the constitutionalists, but not entirely so by the "colorados" who in some districts gave lamentable examples of bad faith and want of party discipline. Still, on the whole, the conservative sense of the Republic has spoken very strongly in its favor and it is regarded as the cornerstone of the new political situation. Intrigues have been and still are on foot to upset it by interested parties, especially as regards the presidential election. These are still a source of some agitation and uneasiness, but it is doubtful if they will come to anything.

Though the Chambers were dissolved without resistance at the moment, it was hardly expected that the adherents of the old regime, who had so long reigned supreme, would allow themselves to be despoiled of the last vestige of power without some effort at recovery. It was known that they were conspiring, especially among the military element which had always proved refractory to reform. The first outcome of their plots was on July 4, when the slumbering city was awoken by the sound of artillery in the streets, and it was found that the officers of the two Artillery regiments had led out their men in revolt, seized the Arsenal by an act of treachery, and were engaged in active combat in the heart of the city with the other forces, all of which remained loyal to the Government and the people. Fighting continued until noon, when a truce was arranged. The rebels were completely surrounded—and outnumbered, but being in the possession of artillery and plentiful ammunition, were still in a position to cause serious damage to life and property. Through the intervention—which some say was not entirely disinterested—of Dr. J. O. Blanco, President of the Council of State, the rebels agreed to lay down their arms in return for a full pardon. This was a serious error, as the ringleaders should have been severely punished, if not shot. The act which they committed was not honest revolution, nor had it the excuse of any provocation, but it was equally criminal and treacherous in methods and execrable in intention. In the revolt there were fifty to sixty killed and about 150 wounded, including a few pacific inhabitants. The damage to property was less than might have been expected, though two or three

houses were wrecked by exploding shells. The movement met with no response whatever in any other part of the Republic, and was severely and unanimously condemned by public opinion and the press. Its moral effects were to add another stain to the reputation of the military, to injure the name of the Republic abroad, and to give a blow to returning confidence the effects of which are still felt.

It was generally recognized that the extreme leniency of the Government towards the military leaders of this shameful mutiny was a weakness and a serious error, and so it has proved. Two days later the ringleaders, to the number of 19 were deported to Buenos Aires, and there in combination with the ex-president Dr. Julio Herrera and other apostles of the old regime, they have formed the focus of a series of plots, intrigues, conspiracies and threats, which have kept the Republic in a state of chronic alarm and uneasiness, and contributed to economic depression. One of their first acts was to publish an insolent manifesto, declaring their purpose to resort to violence for the restoration of the former regime, calumniating Sr. Cuestas' government in the absurdest manner, and hypocritically protesting the purity and patriotism of their intentions. The military officers who signed this cynical document have been deprived of their rank and pay, no further step against them being possible in their absence. All that has come of their threats so far has been the appearance of some small groups on the frontiers, speedily dispersed by the local forces, and an occasional act of insubordination in the troops, none of any importance. It is now recognized that they are without men, arms, resources, money, popular sympathy or any of the elements to promote genuine revolution, and their vapourings have come to be regarded with contempt, though for some time they caused real uneasiness enough. By intrigue, or by some act of signal treachery, they may yet give trouble, but so far as revolution is concerned their ineptitude is patent.

Contrary to custom, we find ourselves unable to complete our retrospect in a single day, and must therefore leave the remainder till our next issue.

dividend at the rate of 6% per annum free of Income Tax for the half-year ending 30th September last and that £10,000 be added to the Reserve Fund, leaving £3,619, 2s. 8d. to be carried forward to next account.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the Directors retiring are C. E. Gunther, Esq., and H. J. Norman, Esq., who, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Since the last Annual Meeting Mr. Auguste de Lantsheere, of Brussels has accepted a seat on the Board in the place of the late Mr. William Kaye, subject to approval.

The Meeting will have to elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and fix their remuneration Messrs. Chaiteris, Nichols and Company, who have audited the present accounts, offer themselves for re-election.

In July last the Bank moved into more commodious premises at 14, Austin Friars, E. C.

Explosion in Buenos Aires.
All town was yesterday talking of the terrible catastrophe which had happened in Monte Grande, in Mr. Cierotti's powder manufacture establishment, situated on the railway to Anuelas. About half past two on Tuesday afternoon a violent shock, like that of an earthquake, was felt in Lomas de Zamora and followed by the sound of thunder. Half an hour afterwards a despatch from the station master of Ezeiza gave the news that the explosion had occurred in Monte Grande. The Commissary, accompanied by some medical men and others immediately set out for the spot to render the first help. When they arrived at the spot a horrible sight presented itself before them, the whole establishment was converted into a mass of ruins, and fragments of human beings were found at a distance of 300 metres from the disaster. The supposed number of men in the factory at the time was six, but so far only two dead and two living have been found. According to the account given by the engine man, Victorio Polly, it appears that at the time of the disaster he was sitting at the door of the machine-room, when of a sudden he felt an intense heat that burned his face and arms and as he approached the door to get out he saw huge flames coming through every door and window of the establishment. Without a moment's hesitation he ran out for his life without once turning round, till he felt himself thrown on his face by an explosion which shook all the ground beneath him in a frightful way. Getting up again quickly, he heard the second explosion, and bricks, wood, stones and human beings fell all around him, and some of the former hit him on the head and body. Then for the first time he turned his eyes on the establishment, and found the whole place one heap of ruins. He then got up, and made his way to the Ezeiza station, and on being asked what had happened, the unfortunate man was unable to talk but pointed to where the factory was. Immediately some men went to the spot to render help, but at a glance it was seen that the whole place was one burning heap. Polly was then taken to Lomas de Zamora where he gave account to the Commissary, and was then taken to a hospital where he is at present in a very dangerous state. The establishment consisted of three wooden galpones which served as work shops of 4 metres by 4 each, and one brick galpon about 30 metres away from the others, which served as a powder deposit. A large quantity of powder was taken on Tuesday morning from the brick galpon to the works. It appears that the explosion originated in the works, as the three galpones have completely disappeared. This is the fifth explosion that has occurred in this factory since it was started; the first was in 1884, the second in 1887, the third in 1890, the fourth in 1896 and the fifth now. The sole cause of all these explosions is carelessness.—B. A. Standard.

Passengers.
Arrived by the R. M. S. "Magdalena" from Southampton, etc., Dec. 30. Mr. C. A. Durlay, Mr. and Mrs. S. Pertence, Mr. H. B. Cheetham, third class.

Left by the P. S. N. Co.'s "Oravia," for Liverpool, etc., Dec. 30. Mr. W. Gardner, 10 second class, 12 third.

SUNDRIES.
—Owing to the unusual length of our Annual Retrospect, we are not only compelled to spread it over two issues, but also to sacrifice other matter.

—Yesterday's *Tribuna* is highly indignant over the censures of the *Times* correspondent on the impurity of crime in this Republic, and attributes his charges to "the morbid effect of a moment of mental excitement" and to "British insolence." The more serious way to meet such charges would be to prove their untruth, and this the

NEWS OF THE DAY

MONTEVIDEO

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1898.

Saints Silvester and Melania.—Rt. Hon. Sir Hugh Nelson born, 1835.—End of the year.

POLITICAL NOTES.

There is again but little to report from the political world, nor any progress to note towards the return to constitutionality. At the meeting of legislators elect held on Thursday evening, the attendance was again small about 40, and it was resolved to hold another meeting next Thursday, by which time it is hoped more legislators will be in town. Reserve is maintained as to what passed at the meeting, but it is known that a document was signed ratifying their adhesion to the presidential candidature of Sr. Cuestas. The postponement to another meeting a week later is not a favorable sign, and, as a contemporary points out, these delays are gradually consuming the time, so that after all there will be little anticipation of the ordinary dates. A new idea has been mooted, however, to obviate the dangerous absurdity of the interregnum insisted upon by those intriguing against the election of Sr. Cuestas. This idea is to obtain a signed declaration from the legislators elect that they will not oppose nor hold unconstitutional the retention of the Executive Power by Sr. Cuestas as Provisional President until March 1st. This is certainly a way out of the difficulty.

The Decree has been issued appointing Dr. Augusto Acosta y Lara as interim Prefect of Durazno, in place of Col. C. Islas, removed to another post.

The Decree has been issued declaring the dissolution of the Classifying Committee of civil war claims, and thanking the members for their labours, which have been at once arduous and honourary. On another occasion we will give a summary of their report.

THE ANGLO-ARGENTINE BANK, LIMITED.

Directors' Report presented at the 10th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, held in London on Dec. 14.—

The Net Profits, after making provision for Bad and Doubtful Debts, and deducting £3,298. 3s. 10d. Reserve of interest on Bills, &c. not due, amount to £31,149. 2s. 8d., including £3,533. 10s. 8d. brought forward from last account. Of this sum £7,000 was paid in June last, as an Interim Dividend at the rate of 4% per annum, and the Directors recommend a further

Tribuna will find it difficult to do for he supports them with facts.

—The *Tribuna* utters a very just protest against the barbarous custom of sending the garrison troops to promenade through the streets in the afternoon in this hot weather, interrupting the traffic and exposing the men to unnecessary heat and the dangers of sunstroke. The time could not be worse chosen, and in any case the streets are not the proper place for such promenades, nor have the soldiers the right to interrupt the traffic. It is an abuse which the Minister of War should put a stop to.

—Mr. James Oliver, formerly well known in commercial circles, has returned here from London, accompanied by Mrs. Oliver, and is lodging at the Pyramides Hotel.

—The late Baron Ferdinand Rothschild has bequeathed £10,000 sterling to the Evelina Hospital which he had founded in memory of his wife. He has also made many other charitable bequests.

—Yesterday morning a man named José Peppe, shoemaker, aged 34, committed suicide by hanging himself to a branch of a tree in his brother's garden in the suburbs. He had previously shown signs of mental disease and suicidal mania. He leaves a wife and three small children.

—Many of those who answer "Wanted" advertisements in our paper would save disappointment to themselves and no little trouble to us if they would note more carefully the terms of the advertisements they answer, and not make personal applications at this office when the advertisement distinctly states "by letter," or furnishes a name or address to be written to. We would like to impress upon them that ours is merely a newspaper office and not a general agency of lodgings to let or of situations vacant and that our interest in and knowledge of the advertisements that appear in our columns is limited to their publication, and to the reception of letters sent in reply. We have not the time to attend to personal applications, nor is it any part of our business to do so. If applicants would only kindly bear this in mind, they would save a lot of trouble.

—Pressure on one space compels us to hold over until our next account of the Sunday School Picnic at Sunnyside.

—We are requested by the Cricket Captain to state that he has been unable to get together a team for the match announced in the list of fixtures for to-morrow, and therefore it stands postponed. He hopes to be able to arrange a match against a navy team for Friday next (holiday).

—We quote from the *B. A. Standard* of Thursday:—"With deep regret we have to announce the premature death of Miss Agnes Lumb, second daughter of our old and highly esteemed friend Don Carlos P. Lumb, to whom we offer every expression of sympathy in his affliction. Miss Agnes Lumb was well known in social circles where she figured as a talented and highly educated young lady. The sad event took place very suddenly. On Xmas Day, she felt slightly indisposed, but no alarm was felt until the following day, when her condition became so serious that soon all hope was lost of saving her. The indisposition had developed into peritonitis. This death will throw a gloom over the British Community."

—In order to afford employment to numerous Cubans who are without resources, the U. States Government is about to undertake the construction of railways in Cuba.

—A London telegram states that the "Duke of Coria," grandson of Queen Victoria, will be appointed Admiral of the squadron in May next with the "Prince George" as flagship and will receive the visit of the U.S. squadron at Portsmouth. We imagine this refers to H. R. H. the Duke of York and to the Channel squadron.

—Severe storms are again raging round the English coasts and in the Channel.

—The death is announced of the eminent mathematician Dr. Bartholomew Price, Master of Pembroke College, Oxford. His academic honours would fill half a column. He was in his 84th year.

—A scheme is being promoted in Italy to convert Rome into a sea port, presumably by means of a canal. The promoter is the Marquis of Medici, and the cost is estimated at seventy million lire.

—King Humbert has signed a Decree pardoning 2890 persons condemned by the military tribunals to terms of imprisonment.

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Importing and Manufacturing House of Cigars and Cigarettes.
Upson Cigars.—Genuine Bahia Cigars.—Bambarg Cigars.—English pipe tobacco.—Egyptian Cigarettes, etc., etc.
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W. F. ADAMS, FAMILY DISPENSING CHEMIST.

Large assortment of English, American and French Patent Medicines & Perfumery.
MAYPOLE SOAP for dyeing clothes.—Robinson's Oatmeal Patent Lever Hd. Ins.—Edwards' Harlene (Hair Tonic).—Cadbury's Cocoa.—Scrubb's Laundry Ammonia for the bath.—Quaker Oats.—Souchong Tea, 1st quality.
CALLE 25 DE MAYO Nos. 301 & 303.

OJO!

SEE THE

GAS COMPANY'S ADVERTISEMENT

ON THE 3rd PAGE.

under two years, on account of the late political troubles. The number of persons concerned is evidence of the harshness of the government.

The London papers accuse the Spanish authorities of applying torture to the Carlist prisoners now in Spain.

A Washington telegram announces the following Naval changes: Vice Admiral Sampson will retain the command of the N. Atlantic squadron.

LONDON NOTES

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2.

We learn from India that owing to the situation in the Swat Valley reinforcements have been ordered up at once. The force will be composed of two infantry brigades, with divisional troops consisting of cavalry, artillery and sappers, together with troops for the line of communications.

In the French Senate yesterday M. Waldeck-Rousseau introduced a Bill proposing to invest the Court of Cassation with power to suspend trials or legal proceedings in any other Court bearing upon cases before it for revision.

A Correspondent with the expedition in search of Andrée telegraph from Yeniseik that parties of natives from the north have been met with and questioned, but that no trace of the lost explorer has been heard of.

Some of the officers who were recommended for the Distinguished Service Order in connection with the recent campaign in the Sudan visited Windsor yesterday and were personally invested by the Queen with the insignia of the Order.

The Earl of Rosebery and Lord Kitchener spoke at a meeting in the Mansion House yesterday on behalf of the Sirdar's proposed to establish at Khartoum a college in memory of General Gordon.

Mr. Asquith, speaking at Lowe's, last night, said there was no chance, as events had happily turned out, of the validity of Egypt's title to the Upper Nile being successfully challenged.

Addressing the members of the Junior Constitutional Club last night on the water supply of London, Lord Onslow, while deprecating the course pursued by the London County Council, held that the companies' undertakings should be placed in the hands of a public body more responsible to public opinion than directors of limited companies could possibly be.

A unique Free Church Demonstration was held last night at the City Temple, when Dr. Clifford, as President of the National Council of the Evangelical Free Churches, took the chair, and the Presidents of all the Evangelical Free Church denominations were the speakers.

J. MUDD & CO. Coal Importers—Ship Brokers Barraca del Plata, Calle Piedras, esquina Guarani

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THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY Division of Profits, 1900.

B. LORENZO HILL 161, CALLE ITUZAINGO. Sole Agent for the Uruguay Republic.

large, and great enthusiasm and unanimity were displayed. During Wednesday night the Margate surf boat Friend of All Nations was launched to proceed to the assistance of a vessel supposed to be in distress on the Long Sands.

In the Queen's Bench Division, yesterday, Mr Justice Lawrence and a special jury dealt with a claim for damages by the widow of a lighterman against Ransome's Dock Company in respect of the loss of her husband, who met with his death in the defendant's dock.

Yesterday, at Bow-street Police-court, Hugh Bernard, of Cheriton-square, Balham, was charged with conspiring with others to defraud the public in connection with certain West Australian Companies.

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE. Montevideo, Dec. 30, 1898. Probably stimulated by the rapid rise in the London quotation, there was considerable movement in Consolidated today at improving prices.

Business Notes. The Custom House paid into the London Bank yesterday \$16490 on account of the Consolidated Debt and Railway guarantee service.

THIS SPACE TO LET PRINCE LINE. Regular line of steamers between London, Antwerp, New York, Brazil and the River Plate.

SAILINGS OF STEAMERS. GRECIAN PRINCE For Santos, Jan. 15. CASTILLAN PRINCE Left New York, Dec. 24.

Norton Line of Steamers. Agents: NORTON AND SON, NEW YORK. Manager: BUCKNALL NEPHEWS, LONDON.

TO LET—The commodious and well-furnished house Calle 18 de Julio No. 741. An English, American or German family preferred.

AMUSEMENTS Solis Theatre GRAND ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY. of G. Sansone & Co.

ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET, two salons and antechamber, furnished for single gentlemen, in family house.

WANTED, Board and residence for two gentlemen, in family speaking English. Central situation. Apply to English office.

TO LET, the desirable House, Calle Lavalleja 135 (Gordon) containing seven large rooms and four small ones.

FOR SALE, English billiard table, will cues, balls, marker, etc., complete.

TO LET, very comfortable House, nine rooms (two with fireplaces) bath room, two patios with movable clava-boys and awnings, water, gas fittings, cooking range, every convenience.

TO LET, furnished apartments with or without board, in house of an English family, for single gentlemen.

LET'S DIARIES FOR 1899. All sizes. On sale at 'El Libro Ingles' of G. Schwengel, Calle Treinta y Tres 61.

I. O. G. T. Independent Order of Good Templars

This Society is held at Reconquista 43 every Thursday night at 8 p.m.

For information apply at the above address.

Pacific Steam Navigation Co. FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN Liverpool, The River Plate, and Valparaiso.

Oravia (TWIN SCREW) Captain: G. M. Gray, R.N.R. 30th December, 1898.

Orellana Captain: B. Archer 13th January, 1899.

Oropesa (TWIN SCREW) Captain: H. V. Hayes 27th January, 1899.

WILSON SONS & CO., LIMITED 25 de Mayo 214 RECONQUISTA 528 MONTEVIDEO BUENOS AIRES ROSARIO SANTOS, SAO PAULO, RIO JANEIRO, BAHIA, PERNAMBUCO & ST. VINCENT, O. V.

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NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD. "WITTEKIND" Will sail on the 12th January, 1899, for SOUTHAMPTON.

Navegacion al Este Empresa: LUSSICH EL VAPOR NACIONAL TABARE Este vapor hará un viaje semanal para Maldonado y La Paloma.

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Ex-Director and Professor of the Dental Course at the University of Chile

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"THE MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL COLLEGE OF PHILADELPHIA"

On the 16th of June, 1897, Dr. Macartney opened his office for the exercise of the profession in all its branches.

Dr. Macartney is the ONLY American Dentist in Montevideo who has complied with the requirements of the University of Montevideo, the Faculty of Medicine and the Council of Hygiene.

Every person consulting Dr. Macartney will receive the PERSONAL attention of an Apt, Careful and Efficient

Dentist, who enjoys an International Reputation and who revaluated his Diploma, thus offering to the public a guarantee that he POSSESSES it.

Dr. Macartney is a Specialist in the treatment of the Nervous, Children and all who find it difficult to use Artificial Dentures.

General and local Anaesthetics administered for the extraction of teeth and other operations.

Cataphoresis employed for all the operations proper to this procedure.

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DOCTOR MACARTNEY

THE AMERICAN DENTIST

CALLE RIO NEGRO, CORNER OF COLONIA

MONTEVIDEO

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PRINCIPAL BRANDS.—Three Castles.—Gold Flake.—Best Bird's Eye, Traveller.—Navy Cut, etc., etc.

SOLE AGENTS IN THE REPUBLIC OF URUGUAY

DANCKELMANN & SCHRADER

MISIONES 136—MONTEVIDEO.

The Annual English Directory and Argentine Commercial Guide

for 1898. Published by John Grant & Sons, Buenos Aires.

Invaluable to all having relations with the Argentine Republic.

Copies on sale at the 'Libro Inglés' of G. Schwengel, Calle Treinta y Tres 61.—Price \$ 1.20 gold each.

Ferro-Carril Uruguayo del Este

En combinacion con el Ferro-Carril Central del Uruguay.

Table with columns for SALIDAS and REGRESOS, listing train routes and times between Montevideo, La Sierra, Piedras de Añilar, Mosquitos, Las Toscas, Empalme Olmos, and F. C. C.

Por Tarifas y otros informes dirigirse a la agencia de Montevideo Calle Zabala No. 72, las Estaciones ó a la Administracion.

Empalme Olmos, Diciembre 10 de 1898.

'AL LIBRO INGLÉS'

English Steam Printing and Bookbinding Works.

Every description of Account Books, Ledgers, Journals, etc. ready-made, or ruled and bound to order in any style.

All kinds of printing, ruling and bookbinding work executed on the premises at moderate prices.

Novels, music, magazines, journals, etc neatly bound at exceptionally cheap rates.

GUILLERMO SCHWENDEL

FOR ALICE.

(A SHORT STORY)

(Conclusion)

Now it seemed to good Mr. Swift that there could be no possibility of danger in changing a note even for so unusual an amount when presented by a gentleman of Mr. Delaware's appearance and manners.

A policeman, breathless with haste and excitement, thereupon dashed into the shop and seized that reverend gentleman and his lively young friend by their collars, and the respectability of the former dropped from him like a cloak, and he stood trembling—the very picture of a detected swindler.

'Wh-wh-what's the meaning of this?' gasped poor Mr. Swift.

'Why, that you have got two of the most notorious forgers in England in your shop—that's all,' replied the bobby, proceeding to handcuff his prisoners.

'Have you changed any notes for them?' 'Y-y-yes, two, for fifty a piece,' groaned poor Mr. Swift.

Mr. Swift obeyed mechanically. 'I shall have to produce 'em at the police-station to make the charge. Hallo, cobby!' and the constable, having secured the bracelets on his captives, thrust them into the cab, and having told the still confused jeweller to come along as quick as he could to 'sweat agin 'em,' drove off—where?

Nobody knows! For never from that moment has Mr. Swift had the good fortune to set his gaze upon either of his customers, the pretended policeman who took them into custody, the cabman who drove them away, the watch, the jeweller, the change, or the perfectly good Bank of England notes for fifty pounds apiece with which this ingenious fraud was committed.

THE END.

SCRAPS

—There is a place near Glasgow where a railway track runs for some distance beside the fence of a lunatic asylum. At one time some workmen were busy repairing the track, when an inmate of the asylum approached one of the labourers, and from his position on the inner side of the enclosure, began a somewhat personal conversation.

—A school inspector was examining a class of girls in natural history. 'Tell me the names of any animals you know,' he began, but the faces of the girls expressed only bewilderment at the request.

—The following story is told, but not vouched for, by a weekly contemporary. A missionary arriving in a savage part of Africa, was at once eaten by the natives; later on came another missionary, whom the natives liked, and treated kindly.

—Father Flynn: 'I'd have you move that pigsty further from the house, Geoghan.' Geoghan: 'That for, your riv'ence?' Father Flynn: 'Because it's unhealty.' Geoghan: 'Not a morsel, yer riv'ence. The pig has never had a sick day since he was born.'

—'This historic stream of yours,' remarked the visitor, holding his

nose as he walked across a bridge over the Liffey, 'is the Mark Tapley of rivers.' 'And how's that?' asked the Dublin citizen, 'it comes out strongest when it is worst troubled.'

'—Papa,' said Tommy Tredway. 'Now, Tommy,' replied Mr. Tredway, 'I shall answer only one more question to-day. So be careful what you ask.' 'Yes, papa.' 'Well, go on.' 'Why don't they bury the Dead Sea?'

Alfred B. Hill, L. D. S.

(LATE PRINCE & HILL)

American Dentist.



Laughing gas for the painless extraction of teeth.

163—Calle Camaras—163 (Esquina Buenos Aires.)

Christmas Cards AND NEW YEAR CARDS. A beautiful selection of the very newest, in all styles, prices and languages. NOW ON VIEW. C. Galli, Franco & Cia. Calle 25 de Mayo 304 to 312 CORNER OF ITUZAINGÓ.

BOOTS AND SHOES. Especiality in English-style goods, ready made or made to order. A supply of English leather recently received. Moderate prices. M. FATTORUSO. 25 Mayo 191.

English Steam Printing Offices. Blank Books ruled and bound to order. This printing establishment has a complete assortment of new type, cuts, borders, etc., etc., and having the newest machinery is prepared to undertake any orders in printing, ruling, perforation, numeration and book-binding.

AL LIBRO INGLÉS TREINTA Y TRES 61. Image of a large building, likely the printing office.

Higiene de la Cabeza EXTRACTO VEGETAL DE Rosas y Violetas preparado con yemas de huevos ED. PINAUD. Perfumista-Químico 37, boulevard de Strasbourg, PARIS.

English Drapery Store. First class assortment of English soft goods, dress materials, hosiery, haberdashery, linen, tweeds and cashmeres. New seasons goods.

Calender and Co.

142 - Calle Sarandí - 142 (CORNER OF ZABALA) MONTEVIDEO

The Salvation Army.

Calle Orillas del Plata 116. Montevideo.

Donations of food, clothes and money will be thankfully received for work among the poor.

Cheques can be sent direct to the London and S. P. Bank, made payable to Mayor Pearce or Ensign Benwell, but Donations, Correspondence, food, clothes, etc., should be sent to Ensign A. D. Benwell, Orillas del Plata 116.

British Hospital MONTEVIDEO

The healthy position of the institution in the entrance to the harbour recommends it to the attention of invalids.

Private Rooms from \$3.00 per day Semi-private Rooms 2.00 do General Ward 1.00 do

Female Ward. Conditions as above. Special Cases, Special Terms. Foreigners admitted on terms above stipulated.

Patients admitted from 9 to 12 a.m. Urgencies at all hours. Hours for Out-door Patients 11 to 12 a.m.

Visiting days, Sunday, Tuesday, Friday and Feastdays from 3 to 6 p.m.

Subscriptions and donations are respectfully solicited.

Subscribers of 12 dollars per annum are entitled to send one free patient to the Hospital during the year for which the subscription is paid, orders for same to be obtained from the Secretary or Treasurer.

William Thomson, M. A., M. B., O. M., Resident Medical Officer. For further particulars apply to E. O. Crocker, Hon. Sec

Calle 25 de Agosto 107.

W. Murray Wilson, Hon. Treasurer. Zabala 104.

Prices Current EXPORTS (Nov. 4.)

Table listing various export goods and their prices, including barley, flour, wool, hides, and various oils.

EXPORTATION DUTIES FROM OCTOBER 4, 1898.

Table listing export duties for various goods like wool, sheepskins, grease, tallow, and animal oils.

Cerveceria Uruguaya MONTEVIDEO.



Precios:

Table listing prices for Cerveza Doble and Cerveza Sencilla in various quantities.

'BAZAR DOMESTICO'

Unequaled assortment of English Glass-ware, china, crystal-ware, porcelain, lamps, kitchen requisites, best cutlery, metal-ware, and a large selection of fancy objects suitable for presents.

CALLE 25 DE MAYO 281, MONTEVIDEO.

LA MEJOR AGUA PURGATIVA NATURAL DEL MUNDO.

Hunyadi János

Un remedio precioso para combatir las perniciosas consecuencias de imprudencias en las comidas.

AVISO: CADA BOTELLA DE LA VERADERA AGUA LLEVA EN LA ETIQUETA LA FIRMA DE 'Andreas Saxlehner' ¡DESCONFIARSE DE LAS FALSIFICACIONES!

THE MONTEVIDEO TIMES

DAILY MORNING PAPER

ESTABLISHED MARCH 1888.

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